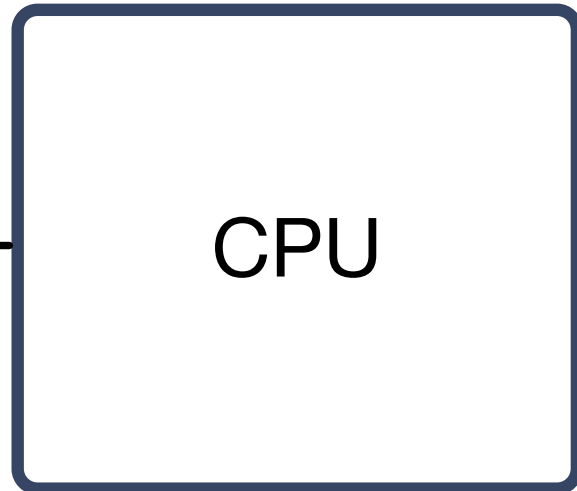
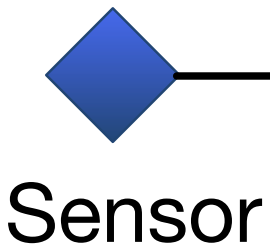


Approximate Computing for Energy-Harvesting Sensor Nodes

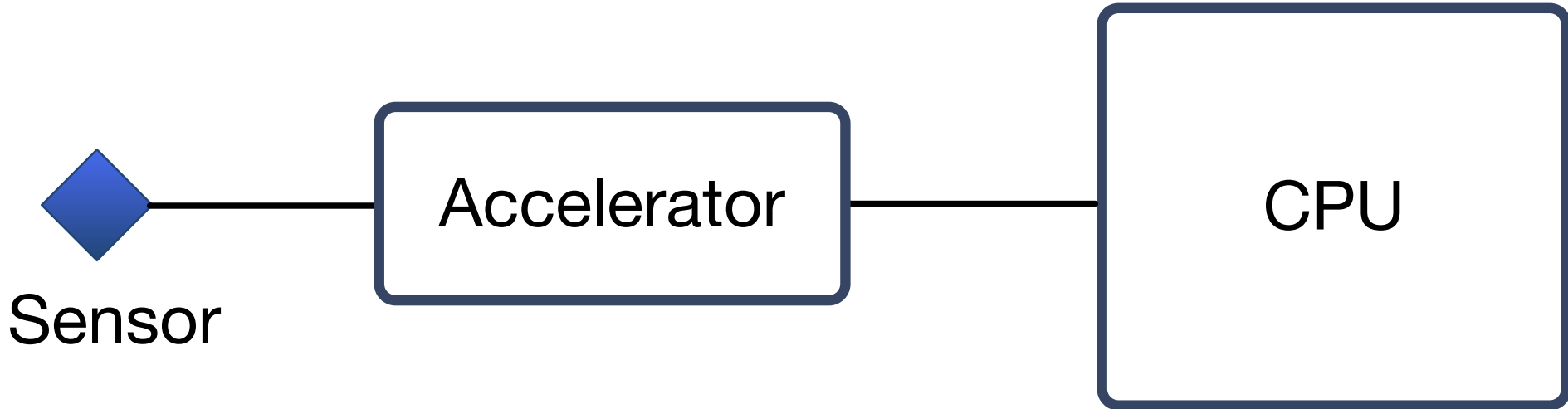
Armin Alaghi

Research Associate
Computer Science and Engineering Department
University of Washington

April 3, 2016



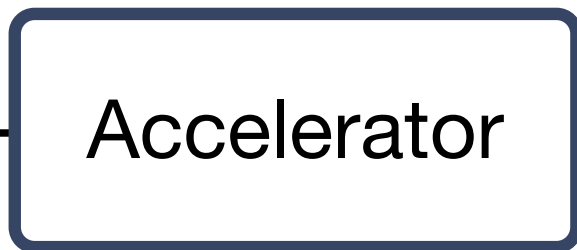
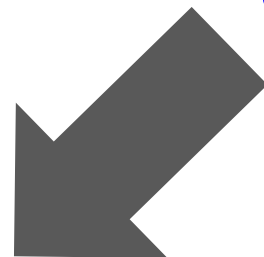
Hardware Acceleration



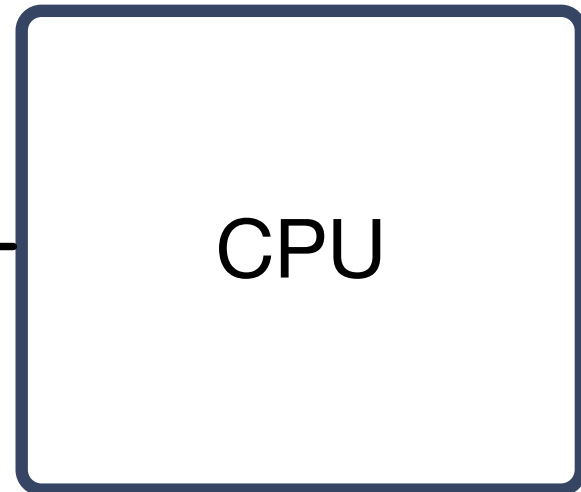
**Hardware
Acceleration**

+

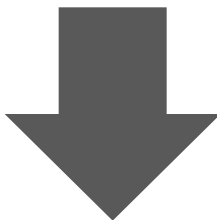
**Approximate
Computing**



Accelerator



CPU



Energy efficiency

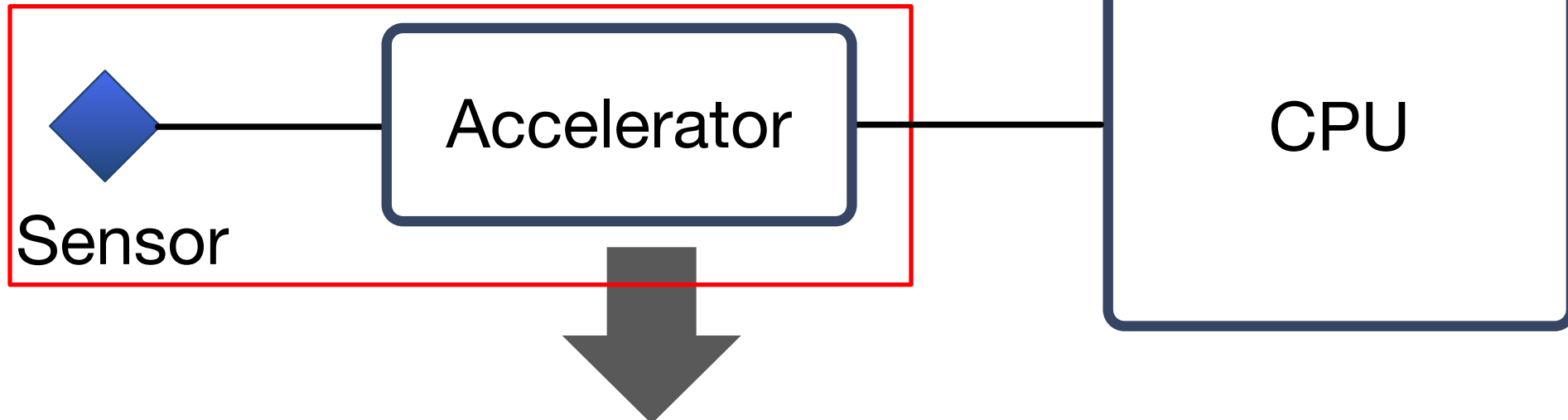
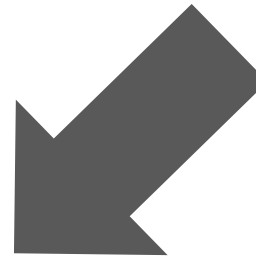


Sensor

**Hardware
Acceleration**

+

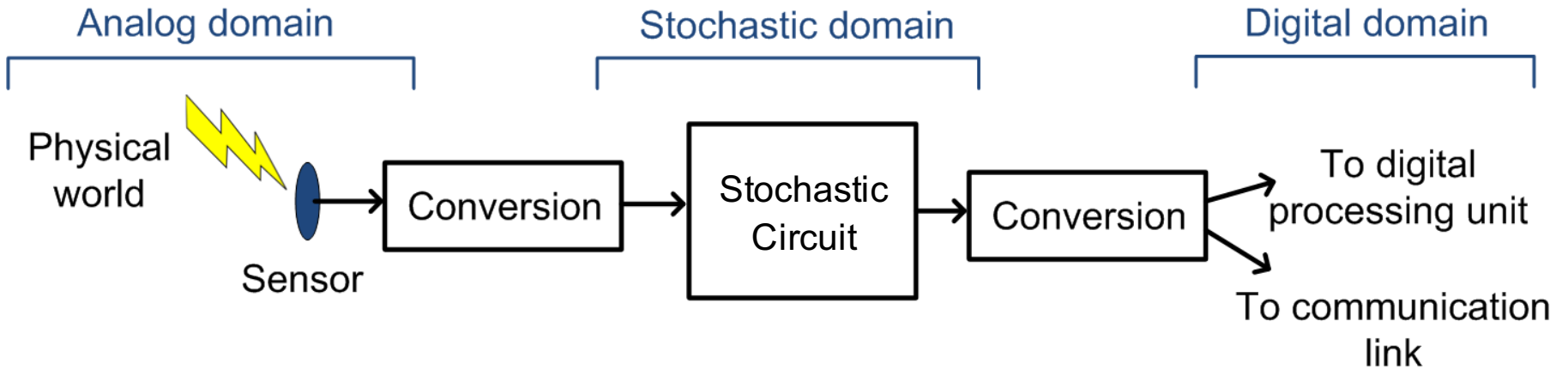
**Approximate
Computing**



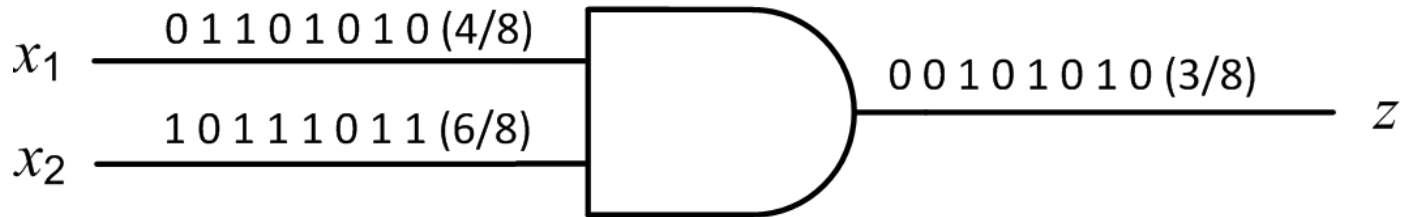
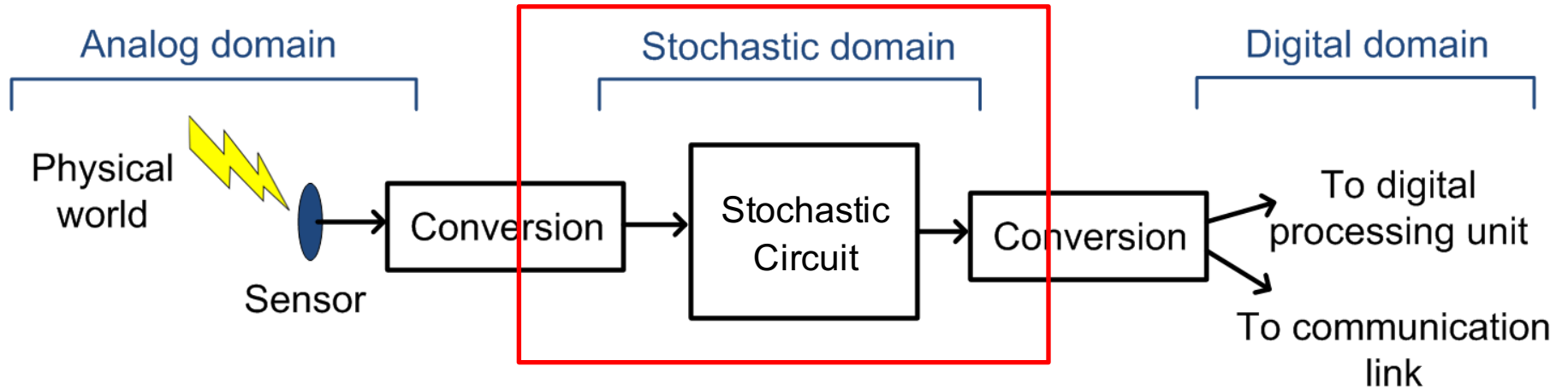
Energy efficiency

- Signals/inputs are already approximate
- Applications are amenable to approximation
- Closer to the circuit level

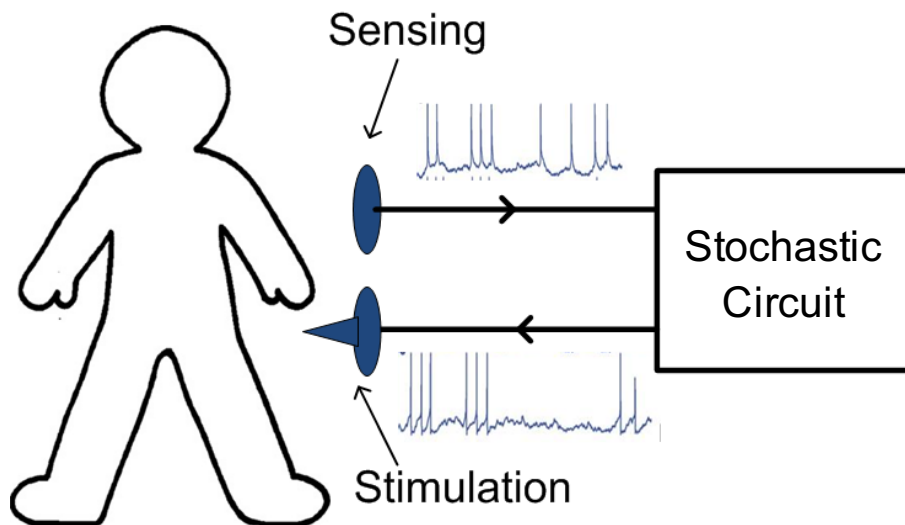
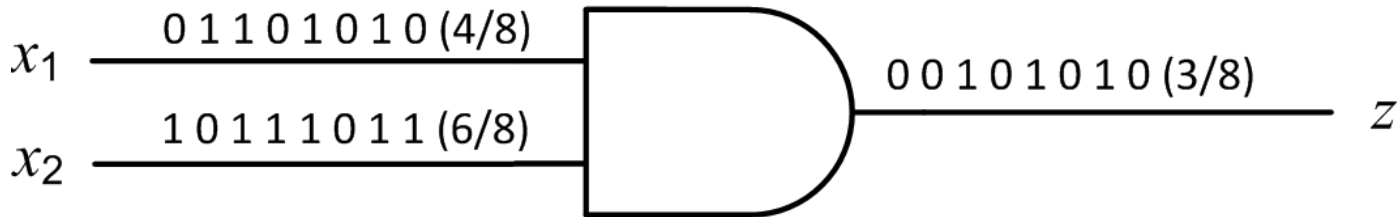
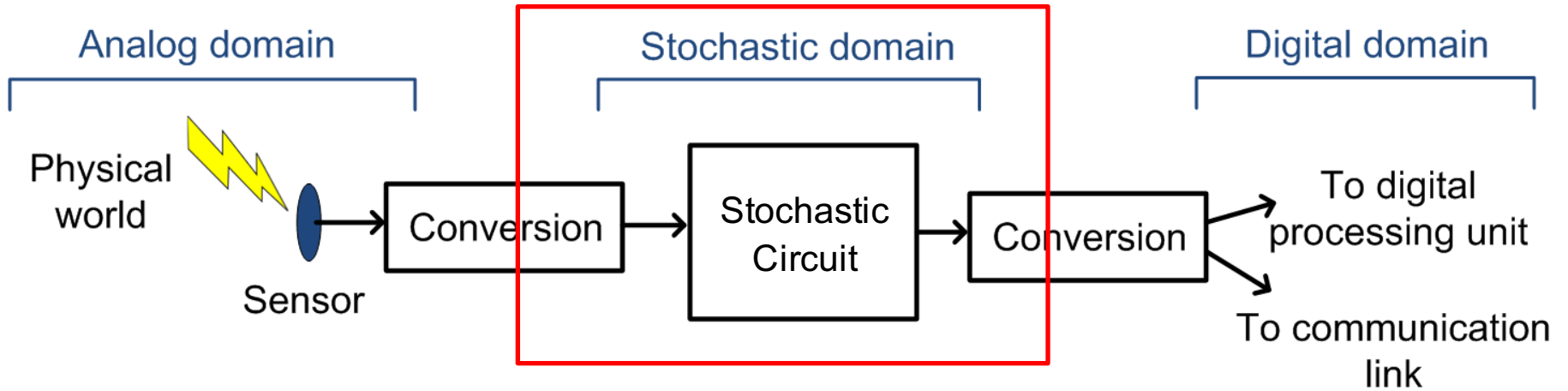
Digital-Analog Hybrid: Stochastic Computing



Digital-Analog Hybrid: Stochastic Computing



Digital-Analog Hybrid: Stochastic Computing



Example:
Medical
implants